## CSM - 9/20

## Animal Husbandry & Veterinary Science

Paper - II

Time: 3 hours

Full Marks: 300

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates should attempt Q. No. 1 from Section – A and Q. No. 5 from Section – B which are compulsory and any three of the remaining questions, selecting at least one from each Section.

## SECTION - A

- Answer any three of the following :
  - (a) Describe the methods of preparation and processing of tissues for histological examination.10+10 = 20
  - (b) What are germ layers? Describe the endothermal, mesothermal and ectothermal derivatives of germ layers.10+10 = 20

(Turn over)

- (c) What are the structures involved in epidural anaesthesia? 10+10 = 20
- (d) Describe the functional anatomy in relationto egg production in fowls. 10+10 = 20
- (a) Define the efficiency of heart, and explain the effects of ions on heart functions.

15+15 = 30

- (b) Describe the structure and function of kidneys, and explain the renal regulation of acid-base balance. 15+15 = 30
- (a) Define antimicrobials with examples.
   Explain the principles of chemotherapy in microbial infections.
  - (b) Explain the animal housing requirements for specific categories of domestic animals namely pregnant cows, milking cows, pigs, sheep, broiler birds and japanese quails.

5+5+5+5+5+5 = 30

(a) Describe occupational zoonotic disease.
 Describe the role of animals and birds in prevalence and transmission of zoonotic diseases.
 10+20 = 30

(b) What are the methods adopted to educate farmers under rural conditions? Explain the various constraints in transfer of technology. 15+15 = 30

## SECTION - B

- 5. Answer any three of the following:
  - (a) Pathogenesis, symptoms, post mortem lesions, diagnosis and control of Foot and Mouth disease in cattle. 4+4+4+4 = 20
  - (b) Define herd immunity. Describe the principles and methods of immunisation of animals against viral diseases of animals.

$$5+15 = 20$$

- (c) What are the general pre-anaesthetic medications? Describe the step-wise procedure to carry out caesarean operation in buffaloes. 10+10 = 20
- (d) What are the common disease investigation techniques? Describe the methods of collection of materials for laboratory diagnosis. 10+10 = 20

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(3)

(Turn over)

- 6. Explain any two of the following:
  - (a) Explain, in detail, on the nutritive properties of pasteurised, standardised, sterilised, toned and double toned milk.

- (b) What are the grades of whole milk and skimmed milk? Describe the BIS specification for ice cream. 15+15 = 30
- (c) Describe the sanitation requirement of clean and safe milk and milk plant equipment. 30
- 7. Answer any three of the following:
  - (a) Explain, in detail, about adulteration of meatand its detection methods. 10+10 = 20
  - (b) Describe the physical and chemical characteristics of meat. 10+10 = 20
  - (c) What are the step-wise procedure for meat inspection and judgement of carcass meat cuts?

    10+10 = 20
  - (d) Answer any **five** of the following:  $4 \times 5 = 20$ 
    - (i) Pale soft exudates
    - (ii) Vacuum packaging

	(iii)	Electrical stimulation of meat	
	(iv)	Pregnancy hypoglycaemia	
÷	(v)	Pulpy kidney disease	
	(vi)	Weeping eye in rabbits	
	(vii)	Taenia solium	
	(viii)	Swine fever	
	(ix)	Coxiellosis	
	(x)	One health approach	
(a)	(i)	Housing, feeding, breeding and disease	e
		management of domestic rabbits. 15	5
	(ii)	Describe the products developed from	า
		organs of the body for the use as food	t
		and pharmaceuticals.	5
(b)	(i)	Describe the chemical composition and	t
		nutritive value of poultry meat.	5
	(ii)	Write, in details, on common poultry	y
•		diseases and explain in particular about	t
		the status of avian influenza.	5

8.